BUILD RESILIENCE TO VULNERABILITIES, SHOCKS AND STRESS







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ACTION TRACK 5:

AFRICA MEMBER STATES DIALOGUE LOCAL PRODUCTION FOR LOCAL CONSUMPTION

TOWARDS THE PRE-SUMMIT: SECRETARY GENERAL'S STATEMENT AND CALL TO ACTION

Focus of SG's Statement and Call to Action

- Re-affirm the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development
- Underscore the urgency to act in light of the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic and the centrality of food systems
- Need to stay within Planetary Boundaries
- Imperative to realize basic Human Rights
- Emphasize the urgency of moving beyond incremental action and the importance of a systems approach
- Highlight the need to realize the true cost of food

Areas of Convergence					
End Hunger and Nourish	Wellbeing and	Climate, Biodiversity and	Livelihoods and	Resilience	Knowledge and
All People	Responsible Consumption	Planetary Boundaries	Empowered Communities		Innovation

Action and level of Ambition (guiding targets for the decade of action)

Pre-Summit:

Member States to explore national food systems transformation pathways and actions/solutions to achieve the SDGs by 2030 with support from Stakeholders

AT5 PRIORITY ACTION AREAS



Integrative & Nexus
approaches, Anticipatory &
Multi-Risk Reduction &
Management actions to build
food systems resilience to
shocks and stresses related
to conflict, fragility,
environmental extremes,
natural adverse events,
economic shocks, pandemics.





AT5 - COALITIONS



I. FOOD SYSTEMS RESILIENCE

HUMANITARIAN DEVELOPMENT-PEACE (HDP) NEXUS - ADDRESSING FOOD CRISES

DAN SMITH, (SIPRI), LOUISE GENTZEL (WFP), LUCA RUSSO (FAO), JOSE LUIS VIVERO-POL (AT5, WFP); CONNELL FOLEY (AT1, CONCERN), JOSE RUIZ (EU)

- HDP NEXUS
- UNDERSTANDING FOOD CRISES
- EARLY WARNING SYSTEMS & ANTICIPATORY ACTIONS
- PUBLIC PROCUREMENT (NATIONAL LEVEL FOR HUMANITARIAN)

RESILIENT FOOD SUPPLY CHAINS: LOCAL PRODUCTION FOR LOCAL CONSUMPTION

SAMIRA HOTOBAHDURING (WFP), TEHMINA AKHTAR (UNCDF), GRAAN JAFF (WFP)

- LOCAL PRODUCTION FOR LOCAL CONSUMPTION
- PUBLIC PROCUREMENT (LOCAL LEVEL FOR DEVELOPMENT)
- INCREASING WOMEN'S AGENCY FOR RESILIENCE THROUGH ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT
- SECURING ACCESS TO LAND & RESOURCES
- NATIONAL FOOD CHAINS
- FOOD STORAGE FACILITIES
- POLICY AND INSTITUTIONAL INNOVATIONS FOR RURAL AREAS
- PANDEMIC-RESILIENT FOOD SYSTEMS



2. UNIVERSAL FOOD ACCESS TO BUILD RESILIENCE

FOOD IS A PUBLIC GOOD, HUMAN RIGHT & COMMONS: UNIVERSAL FOOD ACCESS & INDIGENOUS PEOPLES' FOOD SYSTEMS

ELIZABETH KIMANI-MURAGE (AT5, AHPRC); LINA MAHY (AT2, WHO); ARVID SOLHEIM (AT 5, FIAN NORWAY); GLOBAL HUB ON INDIGENOUS PEOPLES' FOOD SYSTEMS

- NARRATIVE SHIFT
- ETHICAL DEVELOPMENT PATHWAYS
- INDIGENOUS PEOPLES' FOOD SYSTEMS WIPHALA PAPER



3. CLIMATE-RESILIENT DEVELOPMENT

CLIMATE-RESILIENT DEVELOPMENT, ADAPTATION & MITIGATION, RISK REDUCTION & MANAGEMENT, POLICY INTEGRATION NAP/DRR/NDC/SDG

YOUSSEF NASSEF (UNFCCC); CRISTINA TIRADO (WFP); MOTSOMI MALETJANE (UNFCCC), ZITOUNI OULD-DADA (FAO), PETER LADERACH (WFP), LEIGH WINNOWIECKI (AT3), SALEEM HUQ (AT5), SANDRINE DIXSON-DECLÈVE (AT5)

LORETTA HIEBER (UNDRR), SYLVIE WABBES (FAO), BRIAN LANDER (WFP), SETA TUTUNDJIAN (Biosaline), OLIVIER DUBOIS (FAO), JOHN INGRAM (UK FS Resilience

- INNOVATION ON ADAPTATION/MITIGATION
- WATER-FOOD-ENERGY NEXUS
- SMALL ISLAND STATES AND COASTAL AREAS
- ARID, SEMI-ARID LANDS AND DESERTS
- RISK REDUCTION INSURANCE, EWS, FINANCE
- INTEGRATING RESILIENCE IN, ALIGNING NAPS, NDCS, DRR & SDGS TO NATIONAL POLICIES & PLANNING
- RESILIENCE FRONTIERS FOR RESILIENT FOOD SYSTEMS

RESILIENT FOOD SUPPLY CHAINS: LOCAL PRODUCTION FOR LOCAL CONSUMPTION

Addressing the SDGs

FULFILL THE SDGS



SPECIFICALLY, SDG















COALITION-BUILDING APPROACH ADDRESSES SDG 17

- Weak food systems In fragile contexts Post-conflict settings
- Add value to local supply chains and markets
- Contributes to maintaining social cohesion
- Support asset creation
- Contribute to economic growth
- Encourage government investment
- Support policies to address women and youth issues

- locally produced food contributes to resilience
- increases food availability, enhances nutrition
- improves farmers' livelihoods and creates job opportunities for other disadvantaged groups
- Increased government revenue, increased incomes; creates employment, MSME and SMEs supported
- Through food availability
- Land use and resources; asset creation through availability of financing
- Through employment creation farm and off-farm jobs again increased incomes
- Supports local planning, policy formulation and budget preparation
- Encourages gender responsive policies, financing mechanisms to address gender & youth businesses

WHY SHOULD AFRICAN COUNTRIES CO-LEAD AND CHAMPION THE PROTO-COALITION?

- A cross section of partners are already on board will bring high visibility to the priorities of African countries in these two important areas
- Fits in with the SDG Agenda 2030; the African Agenda 2063
- Local production and food supply chain development as means of implementation of National Agriculture Investment Plan (NAIP) and compliance with the 2014 AU Malabo Declaration on accelerated agricultural growth and transformation Malabo declaration
- The CAADP implementation is nationally and locally based same as food systems' transformation
- Co-leading and linking to food systems transformation can support countries as they formulate and implement their National Agriculture and Food Security Investment Plan (NAFSIP) for financing by donors and to support technical co-operation and capacity building
- The adoption of the principles, values and guidelines to ensure that new generation of NAIP pursues the six percent annual growth of the agriculture sector as required by CAADP cannot be possible without resilient local production and consumption and strong local supply chains
- Increased domestic financial resources including public and private to comply with Malabo commitment will lead to improved and transformed local food system and food supply chains

WHAT IS EXPECTED OF THE CO-LEADS & CHAMPIONS?

- Commitment to the coalition until 2030 and beyond
- Build coalitions with other countries in other regions
- Identify local priorities that reflect the objectives of the clusters and the thematic areas:
 - Local Production for Local Consumption
 - Public Procurement.
 - Empower women's agency
 - Land and asset creation
 - Local supply chains
- Build coalitions with regional IFIs, local and regional private sector players
- Propose financing mechanisms that will support post summit implementation
- Propose national, regional and global actions and policy changes that are required to support increased local production that address systemic imbalances that have been identified



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